

**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND**  
**REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023**

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF  
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS AS OF MARCH 31 2024 AND 2023  
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## REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Parade Technologies, Ltd.

### ***Introduction***

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Parade Technologies, Ltd. and Subsidiaries (the “Group”) as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

### ***Scope of Review***

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410 “Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## ***Conclusion***

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

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Lin, Kuan-Hung

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Chou, Hsiao-Tzu

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

April 24, 2024

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

ASSETS		Notes	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
			Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Current assets</b>								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 9,300,922	38	\$ 8,487,601	36	\$ 5,636,592	28
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)	1,509,969	6	1,661,511	7	1,457,865	7
130X	Inventories, net	6(3)	3,806,334	15	3,773,792	16	4,019,123	20
1470	Other current assets		639,409	3	596,344	3	716,041	3
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>15,256,634</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>14,519,248</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>11,829,621</u>	<u>58</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>								
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(4)	397,929	2	392,101	2	489,440	2
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(5)	267,320	1	258,252	1	183,259	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(6)	3,236,859	13	3,025,792	13	3,144,691	15
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(18)	399,322	2	390,134	2	355,164	2
1900	Other non-current assets	6(7)	4,934,861	20	4,783,027	20	4,490,886	22
15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<u>9,236,291</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>8,849,306</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>8,663,440</u>	<u>42</u>
1XXX	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>\$ 24,492,925</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 23,368,554</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 20,493,061</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Current liabilities</b>							
2170	Accounts payable	\$ 1,443,712	6	\$ 1,567,047	7	\$ 602,705	3
2200	Other payables	6(8) 710,430	3	1,374,728	6	929,938	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(18) 342,556	1	350,551	1	282,606	1
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(5) 104,906	-	99,534	-	100,249	-
2300	Other current liabilities	222,605	1	217,468	1	206,792	1
21XX	<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<u>2,824,209</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>3,609,328</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>2,122,290</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Non-current liability</b>							
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(5) 162,414	1	158,718	1	83,010	1
25XX	<b>Non-current liabilities</b>	<u>162,414</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>158,718</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>83,010</u>	<u>1</u>
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>2,986,623</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3,768,046</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2,205,300</u>	<u>11</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
Share capital							
3110	Ordinary shares	6(11) 811,627	3	811,636	4	811,832	4
Capital reserves							
3200	Capital surplus	6(12) 4,222,226	17	4,158,670	18	4,220,434	20
Retained earnings							
3310	Legal reserve	6(13) 1,011,400	4	1,011,400	4	1,011,400	5
3320	Special reserve	8,324	-	8,324	-	122,461	1
3350	Unappropriated earnings	15,154,625	62	14,581,792	62	13,891,374	68
Other equity							
3400	Other equity	1,313,487	6	422,135	2	73,644	-
3500	Treasury shares	6(11) ( 1,015,387)	( 4)	( 1,393,449)	( 6)	( 1,843,384)	( 9)
31XX	<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>	<u>21,506,302</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>19,600,508</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>18,287,761</u>	<u>89</u>
3XXX	<b>Total equity</b>	<u>21,506,302</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>19,600,508</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>18,287,761</u>	<u>89</u>
Significant events after the balance sheet date							
3X2X	<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<u>\$ 24,492,925</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 23,368,554</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 20,493,061</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023**

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

Items	Notes	Three months ended March 31			
		2024		2023	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000 Revenue	6(14)	\$ 3,814,192	100	\$ 3,039,712	100
5000 Cost of goods sold	6(3)(16)(17)	( 2,180,148)	( 57)	( 1,700,797)	( 56)
5900 Gross profit		<u>1,634,044</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>1,338,915</u>	<u>44</u>
Operating expenses	6(16)(17) and 7				
6100 Sales and marketing expenses		( 233,130)	( 6)	( 218,822)	( 7)
6200 General and administrative expenses		( 159,691)	( 4)	( 151,797)	( 5)
6300 Research and development expenses		( 718,474)	( 19)	( 604,717)	( 20)
6450 Expected credit loss	12(3)	-	-	( 2,549)	-
6000 Total operating expenses		<u>( 1,111,295)</u>	<u>( 29)</u>	<u>( 977,885)</u>	<u>( 32)</u>
6900 Operating income		<u>522,749</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>361,030</u>	<u>12</u>
Non-operating income and expenses					
7100 Interest income		77,998	2	46,376	1
7010 Other income		2,167	-	2,655	-
7020 Other gains and losses	6(15)	( 688)	-	( 10,471)	-
7000 Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>79,477</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>38,560</u>	<u>1</u>
7900 <b>Income before income tax</b>		<u>602,226</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>399,590</u>	<u>13</u>
7950 Income tax expense	6(18)	( 29,477)	( 1)	( 46,299)	( 1)
8000 <b>Net income for the period from continuing operations</b>		<u>572,749</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>353,291</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b>					
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>					
8361 Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax, exchange differences on translation		<u>841,175</u>	<u>22</u>	( 216,385)	( 7)
8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		<u>841,175</u>	<u>22</u>	( 216,385)	( 7)
8300 <b>Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period</b>		<u>\$ 841,175</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>(\$ 216,385)</u>	<u>( 7)</u>
8500 <b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>		<u>\$ 1,413,924</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>\$ 136,906</u>	<u>5</u>
Net income attributable to:					
8610 Owners of the Company		<u>\$ 572,749</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>\$ 353,291</u>	<u>12</u>
Comprehensive income attributable to:					
8710 Owners of the Company		<u>\$ 1,413,924</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>\$ 136,906</u>	<u>5</u>
Earnings per share					
9750 Basic earnings per share	6(19)	<u>\$ 7.21</u>		<u>\$ 4.51</u>	
9850 Diluted earnings per share	6(19)	<u>\$ 7.17</u>		<u>\$ 4.46</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Notes	Equity attributable to owners of the parent												
	Ordinary shares	Capital Reserves			Retained Earnings			Other equity interest			Total equity		
		Paid-in capital in excess of ordinary shares	Capital reserve from employee stock options	Capital reserve from restricted stocks	Capital reserve - others	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Currency translation differences of foreign operations	Unearned compensation		Treasury shares	
<b>Year 2023</b>													
	Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 811,913	\$ 3,491,594	\$ 38,126	\$ 540,650	\$ 122,551	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 122,461	\$ 13,537,528	\$ 579,156	(\$ 370,660 )	(\$ 2,153,610 )	\$ 17,731,109
	Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	353,291	-	-	-	353,291
	Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 216,385 )	-	-	( 216,385 )
	Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	353,291	( 216,385 )	-	-	136,906
	Expired employee stock options	-	-	( 38,126 )	-	38,126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Vesting of restricted stocks	-	4,421	-	( 4,421 )	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Adjustment of turnover rate of restricted stocks	-	-	-	( 8,093 )	-	-	-	-	-	8,093	-	-
	Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares and related cash dividend recovered	( 81 )	-	-	81	-	-	-	555	-	-	-	555
	Share-based compensation cost	-	32,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,440	-	106,042
	Tax deduction exceeds cumulative share-based payment expenses	-	-	-	-	2,923	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,923
	Treasury shares reissued to employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310,226	310,226
	Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 811,832	\$ 3,528,617	\$ -	\$ 528,217	\$ 163,600	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 122,461	\$ 13,891,374	\$ 362,771	(\$ 289,127 )	(\$ 1,843,384 )	\$ 18,287,761
<b>Year 2024</b>													
	Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 811,636	\$ 3,741,234	\$ -	\$ 220,709	\$ 196,727	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 8,324	\$ 14,581,792	\$ 531,885	(\$ 109,750 )	(\$ 1,393,449 )	\$ 19,600,508
	Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	572,749	-	-	-	572,749
	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	841,175	-	-	841,175
	Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	572,749	841,175	-	-	1,413,924
	Vesting of restricted stocks	-	3,494	-	( 3,494 )	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Adjustment of turnover rate of restricted stocks	-	-	-	( 1,083 )	-	-	-	-	-	1,083	-	-
	Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares and related cash dividend recovered	( 9 )	-	-	9	-	-	-	84	-	-	-	84
	Share-based compensation cost	-	61,415	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,415
	Tax deduction exceeds cumulative share-based payment expenses	-	-	-	-	3,215	-	-	-	-	49,094	-	52,309
	Treasury shares reissued to employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	378,062	378,062
	Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 811,627	\$ 3,806,143	\$ -	\$ 216,141	\$ 199,942	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 8,324	\$ 15,154,625	\$ 1,373,060	(\$ 59,573 )	(\$ 1,015,387 )	\$ 21,506,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31	
		2024	2023
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Income before income tax for the period		\$ 602,226	\$ 399,590
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation (including the right-of-use assets)	6(4)(5)	74,569	79,701
Amortization	6(6)	87,935	82,002
Expected credit loss	12(3)	-	2,549
Loss on disposal of equipment	6(4)	628	-
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	6(6)	1,703	1,422
Share-based compensation cost	6(10)(17)	285,186	291,744
Interest income		( 77,998 )	( 46,376 )
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		221,335	( 403,575 )
Inventories		125,979	411,136
Other current assets		( 192,840 )	( 285,910 )
Changes in operating liabilities			
Accounts payable		( 189,160 )	206,778
Accrued expenses		( 314,754 )	( 305,192 )
Other current liabilities		( 3,998 )	( 203,487 )
Cash inflow generated from operations		620,811	230,382
Interest received		77,998	46,376
Income tax paid		( 40,223 )	( 152,638 )
Net cash flows from operating activities		<u>658,586</u>	<u>124,120</u>
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(4)	( 44,404 )	( 53,688 )
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(6)	( 585 )	( 4,068 )
Decrease in refundable deposits	6(7)	59,085	206,557
Increase in other prepayments		( 181,650 )	( 62,929 )
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		<u>( 167,554 )</u>	<u>85,872</u>
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Cash dividends paid	6(13)	( 390,871 )	( 1,724,498 )
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	6(5)(20)	( 25,393 )	( 23,431 )
Treasury shares reissued to employees		378,062	310,226
Cash dividend recovered from cancellation of share-based compensation		84	555
Net cash flows used in financing activities		<u>( 38,118 )</u>	<u>( 1,437,148 )</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes		360,407	( 111,636 )
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		813,321	( 1,338,792 )
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		<u>8,487,601</u>	<u>6,975,384</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$ 9,300,922</u>	<u>\$ 5,636,592</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Parade Technologies, Ltd. (the “Company”) was established in the Cayman Islands on November 15, 2005. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are engaged in the research and development, and marketing and sale of high-speed interface standards, touch controller and display processing integrated circuit chips for products used in computers, consumer electronics and display panels. The shares of the Company were authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. and have been traded on Taipei Exchange (formerly GreTai Securities Market) in the R.O.C. since September 13, 2011 (stock code: 4966).

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on April 24, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS<sup>®</sup>”) Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, ‘Lease liability in a sale and leaseback’	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Classification of liabilities as current or non-current’	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Non-current liabilities with covenants’	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, ‘Supplier finance arrangements’	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

(2) Effect of new standards of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, ‘Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture’	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, ‘Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 18, ‘Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements’	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21, ‘Lack of exchangeability’	January 1, 2025

Except for amendments to IFRS 18, ‘Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements’, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and the International Accounting Standard 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’ came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

### (3) Basis of consolidation

#### A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Investor	Subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Pinchot Ltd.	Providing administrative services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Inc.	Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-

#### C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements:

None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates:

None.

E. Significant restrictions:

None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is US Dollars; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars under the regulations of the Republic of China where the consolidated financial statements are reported to the regulatory authorities.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
- (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Treasury bills that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Accounts receivable

- A. Accounts receivable entitles the Group to a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods.
- B. The short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(8) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (“ECLs”) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(9) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(10) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the standard cost method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, other direct costs and related production overheads. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Equipment is initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Equipment applies cost model and is depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate its cost over its estimated useful life. Each part of an item of equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	3 ~ 5 years
Office equipment	3 ~ 5 years
Leasehold improvements	2 ~ 5 years

(12) Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use assets and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use assets is stated at cost comprising the following:
- (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
  - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.
- The right-of-use assets is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.
- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(13) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

C. Mask

Mask is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

D. Patent and other intangible assets

Separately acquired intangible assets are stated at historical cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 7 to 10 years.

(14) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(15) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
- B. The short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(16) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Each subsidiary of the Group adopts defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. The contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis.

C. Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the Board meeting resolution.

(17) Employee share-based payment

- A. For the equity-settled share-based compensation arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
- B. Restricted stocks:
- (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period.
- (b) For restricted stocks where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees. However, employees must return the dividends received if they resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied. When receiving dividend, the Group credits related amounts that were previously debited from retained earnings, legal reserve or capital reserve at the date of dividends declaration.
- (c) For restricted stocks where employees do not need to pay to acquire those stocks. However, when employees resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied, the Group will redeem the restricted stocks without consideration and then retire them. After the restricted stocks were retired, the Group decreased 'Ordinary shares' and increased 'Capital reserve from restricted stocks'.

(18) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized, or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(19) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(20) Dividends

Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Board of Directors. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(21) Revenue recognition

- A. The Group designs and sells high-speed interfacing chips, touch and serial products of DisplayPort. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. The risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract. Other current liability is recognised for expected price rebate payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. The sales usually are made with a credit term of 30 to 60 days. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- C. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(22) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(23) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units.

As of March 31, 2024, the Group recognized goodwill amounting to \$2,429,745.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technological innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of March 31, 2024, the carrying amount of inventories was \$3,806,334.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 72
Checking accounts and bank deposits	<u>2,725,450</u>	<u>3,256,457</u>	<u>2,408,051</u>
	2,725,487	3,256,494	2,408,123
Cash equivalents			
Treasury bills	<u>6,575,435</u>	<u>5,231,107</u>	<u>3,228,469</u>
	<u>\$ 9,300,922</u>	<u>\$ 8,487,601</u>	<u>\$ 5,636,592</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Accounts receivable

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,509,969	\$ 1,661,511	\$ 1,460,418
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>( 2,553)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,509,969</u>	<u>\$ 1,661,511</u>	<u>\$ 1,457,865</u>

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Not past due	\$ 1,467,304	\$ 1,595,848	\$ 1,339,916
60 days	42,665	65,663	43,673
90 days	-	-	8,767
91-180 days	-	-	68,062
181-360 days	-	-	-
over 360 days	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,509,969</u>	<u>\$ 1,661,511</u>	<u>\$ 1,460,418</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2023, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,065,863.

C. As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$1,509,969, \$1,661,511 and \$1,457,865, respectively.

D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) Inventories

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 2,754,537	(\$ 519,335)	\$ 2,235,202
Work-in-process	764,769	( 66,613)	698,156
Finished goods	990,245	( 117,269)	872,976
	<u>\$ 4,509,551</u>	<u>(\$ 703,217)</u>	<u>\$ 3,806,334</u>
	<u>December 31, 2023</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 2,917,513	(\$ 476,420)	\$ 2,441,093
Work-in-process	661,298	( 69,641)	591,657
Finished goods	875,364	( 134,322)	741,042
	<u>\$ 4,454,175</u>	<u>(\$ 680,383)</u>	<u>\$ 3,773,792</u>
	<u>March 31, 2023</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 2,894,580	(\$ 435,296)	\$ 2,459,284
Work-in-process	500,999	( 75,815)	425,184
Finished goods	1,305,128	( 170,473)	1,134,655
	<u>\$ 4,700,707</u>	<u>(\$ 681,584)</u>	<u>\$ 4,019,123</u>



The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cost of goods sold	\$ 2,130,392	\$ 1,546,077
(Gain on reversal of ) Loss on decline in market value (	5,648)	100,958
Others	55,404	53,762
	<u>\$ 2,180,148</u>	<u>\$ 1,700,797</u>

The Company reversed a previous inventory write-down and accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because inventories were subsequently scrapped or sold for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

(4) Property, plant and equipment

The Group had no property and plant as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023.

	Machinery and equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
<u>At January 1, 2024</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,361,384	\$ 77,353	\$ 159,357	\$ 1,598,094
Accumulated depreciation	( 1,006,421)	( 65,245)	( 134,327)	( 1,205,993)
	<u>\$ 354,963</u>	<u>\$ 12,108</u>	<u>\$ 25,030</u>	<u>\$ 392,101</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2024</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 354,963	\$ 12,108	\$ 25,030	\$ 392,101
Additions	25,215	4,385	14,804	44,404
Disposals	-	-	( 628)	( 628)
Depreciation charge	( 44,414)	( 1,942)	( 2,820)	( 49,176)
Net exchange differences	10,800	160	268	11,228
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 346,564</u>	<u>\$ 14,711</u>	<u>\$ 36,654</u>	<u>\$ 397,929</u>
<u>At March 31, 2024</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,432,886	\$ 82,325	\$ 175,201	\$ 1,690,412
Accumulated depreciation	( 1,086,322)	( 67,614)	( 138,547)	( 1,292,483)
	<u>\$ 346,564</u>	<u>\$ 14,711</u>	<u>\$ 36,654</u>	<u>\$ 397,929</u>
	Machinery and equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
<u>At January 1, 2023</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,287,475	\$ 77,564	\$ 151,814	\$ 1,516,853
Accumulated depreciation	( 854,462)	( 60,996)	( 105,872)	( 1,021,330)
	<u>\$ 433,013</u>	<u>\$ 16,568</u>	<u>\$ 45,942</u>	<u>\$ 495,523</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2023</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 433,013	\$ 16,568	\$ 45,942	\$ 495,523
Additions	52,623	1,065	-	53,688
Depreciation charge	( 46,949)	( 2,132)	( 7,189)	( 56,270)
Net exchange differences	( 3,196)	( 61)	( 244)	( 3,501)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 435,491</u>	<u>\$ 15,440</u>	<u>\$ 38,509</u>	<u>\$ 489,440</u>
<u>At March 31, 2023</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,329,736	\$ 78,234	\$ 150,843	\$ 1,558,813
Accumulated depreciation	( 894,245)	( 62,794)	( 112,334)	( 1,069,373)
	<u>\$ 435,491</u>	<u>\$ 15,440</u>	<u>\$ 38,509</u>	<u>\$ 489,440</u>

The above equipment is for self-use.

(5) Leasing arrangements — lessee

A. The Group leases offices. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 6 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
Offices	\$ 267,320	\$ 258,252	\$ 183,259
		<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
		<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>
Offices		\$ 25,393	\$ 23,431

C. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$27,001 and \$44,251, respectively.

D. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$ 679	\$ 490

E. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$26,072 and \$23,921, respectively.

(6) Intangible assets

	<u>Software</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Mask</u>	<u>Patent and others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2024</u>					
Cost	\$ 111,090	\$ 2,331,796	\$ 1,295,306	\$ 1,738,186	\$ 5,476,378
Accumulated amortization	( 74,914)	-	( 1,053,734)	( 1,321,938)	( 2,450,586)
	<u>\$ 36,176</u>	<u>\$ 2,331,796</u>	<u>\$ 241,572</u>	<u>\$ 416,248</u>	<u>\$ 3,025,792</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2024</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$ 36,176	\$ 2,331,796	\$ 241,572	\$ 416,248	\$ 3,025,792
Inward transfer	-	-	171,819	-	171,819
Additions - acquired separately	585	-	-	-	585
Amortization charge	( 4,157)	-	( 44,072)	( 39,706)	( 87,935)
Disposal	-	-	( 1,703)	-	( 1,703)
Net exchange differences	1,210	97,949	12,351	16,791	128,301
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 33,814</u>	<u>\$ 2,429,745</u>	<u>\$ 379,967</u>	<u>\$ 393,333</u>	<u>\$ 3,236,859</u>
<u>At March 31, 2024</u>					
Cost	\$ 115,875	\$ 2,429,745	\$ 1,518,303	\$ 1,811,200	\$ 5,875,123
Accumulated amortization	( 82,061)	-	( 1,138,336)	( 1,417,867)	( 2,638,264)
	<u>\$ 33,814</u>	<u>\$ 2,429,745</u>	<u>\$ 379,967</u>	<u>\$ 393,333</u>	<u>\$ 3,236,859</u>

	Software	Goodwill	Mask	Patent and others	Total
<u>At January 1, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$ 97,071	\$ 2,331,796	\$ 1,137,551	\$ 1,738,186	\$ 5,304,604
Accumulated amortization	( 61,253)	-	( 912,208)	( 1,166,852)	( 2,140,313)
	<u>\$ 35,818</u>	<u>\$ 2,331,796</u>	<u>\$ 225,343</u>	<u>\$ 571,334</u>	<u>\$ 3,164,291</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2023</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$ 35,818	\$ 2,331,796	\$ 225,343	\$ 571,334	\$ 3,164,291
Inward transfer	-	-	86,526	-	86,526
Additions - acquired separately	4,068	-	-	-	4,068
Amortization charge	( 3,692)	-	( 39,930)	( 38,380)	( 82,002)
Disposal	-	-	( 1,422)	-	( 1,422)
Net exchange differences	( 294)	( 19,742)	( 1,834)	( 4,900)	( 26,770)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 35,900</u>	<u>\$ 2,312,054</u>	<u>\$ 268,683</u>	<u>\$ 528,054</u>	<u>\$ 3,144,691</u>
<u>At March 31, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$ 100,358	\$ 2,312,054	\$ 1,210,926	\$ 1,723,470	\$ 5,346,808
Accumulated amortization	( 64,458)	-	( 942,243)	( 1,195,416)	( 2,202,117)
	<u>\$ 35,900</u>	<u>\$ 2,312,054</u>	<u>\$ 268,683</u>	<u>\$ 528,054</u>	<u>\$ 3,144,691</u>

A. Details of amortization of intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Operating costs	\$ 44,086	\$ 39,939
Research and development expenses	43,384	41,795
Selling expenses	386	203
Administrative expenses	79	65
	<u>\$ 87,935</u>	<u>\$ 82,002</u>

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The Group is identified as one cash-generating unit. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a three-year period.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are budgeted gross margin, weighted average growth rates, and discount rates.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(7) Other non-current assets

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Refundable deposits	\$ 4,162,154	\$ 4,051,069	\$ 4,043,772
Prepaid mask	<u>772,707</u>	<u>731,958</u>	<u>447,114</u>
	<u>\$ 4,934,861</u>	<u>\$ 4,783,027</u>	<u>\$ 4,490,886</u>

The refundable deposits resulted from a Letter of Intent with its key supplier. The Company has strengthened its cooperative relationship with the key supplier and obtained capacity support to meet the Company's future operating needs.

(8) Other payables

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Payroll, bonus and accrued vacation	\$ 280,043	\$ 570,924	\$ 299,232
Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration	221,323	227,613	433,372
Engineering expenses	66,734	14,926	14,339
Commissions	46,867	55,134	70,589
Legal and professional fees	27,138	25,589	31,217
Dividends payable	-	390,871	-
Others	<u>68,325</u>	<u>89,671</u>	<u>81,189</u>
	<u>\$ 710,430</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,728</u>	<u>\$ 929,938</u>

(9) Pensions

Each subsidiary adopts a funded defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. Under the pension plan, subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount to an independent fund. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$39,649 and \$38,060, respectively.

(10) Share-based payment

A. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

<u>Type of arrangement</u>	<u>Grant date</u>	<u>Quantity granted (in thousands)</u>	<u>Contract period</u>	<u>Vesting conditions</u>
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 9, 2022	79	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 9, 2022	82	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 27, 2022	279	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 27, 2022	53		Vested immediately

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted (in thousands)	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 8, 2023	94	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 8, 2023	184	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 26, 2023	52		Vested immediately
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 26, 2023	386	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 7, 2024	98	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 7, 2024	283	1 year	1 year service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 13, 2019	6	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 30, 2019	100	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Jul. 31, 2019	682	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Oct. 30, 2019	14	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 12, 2020	9	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 29, 2020	45	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Jul. 29, 2020	709	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Oct. 28, 2020	5	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 3, 2021	8	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 28, 2021	78	4 years	4 years service

Note: Restrictions before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied are as follows:

- (a) The grantee employee shall not sell, transfer, make gift of, create other rights or encumbrances on the restricted stocks awards (the “RSAs”), or otherwise dispose of the RSAs in any other manner.
- (b) All the proposal rights, motion rights, speech rights, voting rights and any other shareholder rights shall be exercised by the trustee or the custodian.

- (c) The restrictions (including but not limited to transfer restrictions and vesting conditions) applicable to any and all unvested RSAs (and any share derived from such RSAs for whatever reason, including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization and any cash distributed based on such RSAs for whatever reason, including cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash) shall equally apply to any share derived, directly or indirectly, from and cash distributed based on such unvested RSAs for whatever reason, including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization, cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash, and any interests.
- B. Please see Note 6(11) for the related information about the fair value of restricted stocks to employees issued by the Company.
- C. The Company reissued 94 and 184 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$72,538 and \$237,688, respectively, to its employees with the effective date set on February 8, 2023 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$773.74 (in dollars) and \$2,037.28 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.
- D. The Company reissued 316, 70 and 52 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$244,782, \$142,864 and \$62,289, respectively, to its employees with the effective date set on April 26, 2023 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$773.74 (in dollars), \$2,037.28 (in dollars) and \$1,202.11 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.
- E. The Company reissued 307, 63 and 11 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$237,537, \$127,257 and \$13,268, respectively, to its employees with the effective date set on February 7, 2024 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$773.74 (in dollars), \$2,037.28 (in dollars) and \$1,202.11 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.
- F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Equity-settled	\$ 285,186	\$ 291,744

(11) Share capital/ Treasury shares

A. As of March 31, 2024, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,500,000, consisting of 150 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$811,627 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares, and excluding treasury shares):

	<u>For the three months ended March 31, 2024</u>			
	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Restricted</u>	<u>Treasury shares</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>shares</u>	<u>shares</u>		
At January 1	80,962	201	( 1,607)	79,556
Vesting of restricted stocks	4	( 4)	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares	-	( 1)	-	( 1)
Treasury stock reissued to employees	-	-	381	381
At March 31	<u>80,966</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>( 1,226)</u>	<u>79,936</u>

	<u>For the three months ended March 31, 2023</u>			
	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Restricted</u>	<u>Treasury shares</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>shares</u>	<u>shares</u>		
At January 1	80,593	598	( 2,323)	78,868
Vesting of restricted stocks	5	( 5)	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares	-	( 8)	-	( 8)
Treasury stock reissued to employees	-	-	278	278
At March 31	<u>80,598</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>( 2,045)</u>	<u>79,138</u>

B. The Board of Directors during its meetings on July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020, February 3, 2021 and April 28, 2021 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020, February 3, 2021 and April 28, 2021. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$1,095, \$1,130, \$1,270 and \$1,260 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$618 as of March 31, 2024, including unretired share capital of \$9.

- C. The Board of Directors during its meetings on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019, February 12, 2020 and April 29, 2020 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019, February 12, 2020 and April 29, 2020, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$517, \$598, \$691 and \$728 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$566 as of March 31, 2024, there is no unretired share capital.
- D. The Board of Directors during its meetings on February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$531 and \$523 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$161 as of March 31, 2024, there is no unretired share capital.
- E. Treasury shares
- (a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows:

		<u>March 31, 2024</u>	
<u>Name of company holding the shares</u>	<u>Reason for reacquisition</u>	<u>Number of shares (in thousands)</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
The Company	To be reissued to employees	1,226	\$ 1,015,387

  

		<u>December 31, 2023</u>	
<u>Name of company holding the shares</u>	<u>Reason for reacquisition</u>	<u>Number of shares (in thousands)</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
The Company	To be reissued to employees	1,607	\$ 1,393,449

  

		<u>March 31, 2023</u>	
<u>Name of company holding the shares</u>	<u>Reason for reacquisition</u>	<u>Number of shares (in thousands)</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
The Company	To be reissued to employees	2,045	\$ 1,843,384



- (b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realised capital surplus.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- (d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within five years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the five-year period are to be retired. Treasury shares to enhance the Company's credit rating and the stockholders' equity should be retired within six months of acquisition.

(12) Capital reserves

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and with the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors may capitalize any amount within the capital reserve account, including capital reserve - additional paid-in capital and capital redemption reserve. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital reserve to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(13) Retained earnings

- A. The Company passed the amendments to the Articles of Association by resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 15, 2020. At the close of each of the half fiscal year, the Board may resolve to distribute profits or allocate losses; provided, however, that any distribution of profits by way of capitalization of distributable dividends shall be subject to the Supermajority Resolution.
- B. In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, if there are profits after the final settlement of account of a year, the Company, after its losses have been offset and at the time of allocating surplus profits, may first set aside 10% of the annual profits as statutory reserve until the statutory reserve amounts to the authorized capital, and may appropriate a portion of the annual profits as special reserve required by Applicable Public Company Rules or government authorities. Thereafter, having considered the financial, business and operational factors, the Board may propose and specify no less than 10% of any remaining annual profits after the above plus, at the Board's sole discretion, a certain percent of accumulated retained earnings to be distributed as dividends. Cash dividend shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends declared. The Company may distribute to the Members, in the form of cash, all or a portion of its Dividend and/or statutory reserve by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, and shall subsequently report such distribution to the Members at the general meeting.

- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. (a) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the first and second half year of 2022. The appropriation of the first and second half year of 2022 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on October 28, 2022 and April 26, 2023, respectively.

	First half year of 2022		Second half year of 2022	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -		\$ -	
Special reserve	( 1,220,038)		( 114,137)	
Cash dividends	1,724,498	\$ 21.79	714,516	\$ 8.98

The appropriation of 2022 earnings had been approved by the shareholders on June 15, 2023.

- (b) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the first half year of 2023. The appropriation of the first half year of 2023 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on November 1, 2023.

	First half year of 2023	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -	
Special reserve	-	
Cash dividends	390,871	\$ 4.89

- (c) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the second half year of 2023. The appropriation of the second half year of 2023 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on April 24, 2024.

	Second half year of 2023	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -	
Special reserve	-	
Cash dividends	624,689	\$ 7.77

For the information relating to the above distribution of earnings as approved by the Board of Directors or shareholders, please refer to the “Market Observation Post System” at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company.

(14) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group has only one reportable operating segment. The Group derives revenue from the following major product lines:

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024				
	Serial products of DisplayPort	High-speed interfacing chips	Source Driver	Serial products of TrueTouch	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u>\$ 1,436,665</u>	<u>\$ 1,633,246</u>	<u>\$ 629,023</u>	<u>\$ 115,258</u>	<u>\$ 3,814,192</u>
	For the three months ended March 31, 2023				
	Serial products of DisplayPort	High-speed interfacing chips	Source Driver	Serial products of TrueTouch	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u>\$ 1,220,518</u>	<u>\$ 1,217,582</u>	<u>\$ 520,300</u>	<u>\$ 81,312</u>	<u>\$ 3,039,712</u>

(15) Other gains and losses

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Foreign exchange losses	(\$ 57)	(\$ 10,460)
Losses on disposals of equipment	( 628)	-
Other losses	( 3)	( 11)
	<u>(\$ 688)</u>	<u>(\$ 10,471)</u>

(16) Expenses by nature

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Employee benefit expenses	\$ 861,368	\$ 777,270
Depreciation and amortization charges on equipment and intangible assets	162,504	161,703
Engineering expenses	105,023	44,326
Legal and professional expenses	15,144	12,914
Commission expenses	3,107	9,342
Expense on short-term lease contracts	679	490
Total manufacturing and operating expenses	<u>\$ 1,147,825</u>	<u>\$ 1,006,045</u>

(17) Employee benefit expenses

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Wages and salaries	\$ 454,750	\$ 378,576
Employee compensation costs	285,186	291,744
Pension costs	39,649	38,060
Other personnel expenses	81,783	68,890
	<u>\$ 861,368</u>	<u>\$ 777,270</u>

A. In accordance with the provisions of the amended Articles of Association approved by the shareholders, where the Company generates profits before tax for the annual financial year, the Company shall appropriate no less than 3% and up to 7.5% of such annual profits before tax as employees' compensation, which shall be distributed in accordance with the incentive programme approved by a majority of the meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds or more of all the directors and may be distributed to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and a maximum of 2% as additional directors' remuneration.

B. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensations were accrued at \$32,827 and \$22,391, respectively; directors' remunerations were accrued at \$8,682 and \$8,612, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on the distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period, and the percentage of previous year payment.

For 2022, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors amounted to \$305,885 and \$53,640, respectively. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. The difference between the employees' compensation of \$305,885 and the directors' remuneration of \$92,803 recognised in the 2022 financial statements were \$0 and (\$39,163), respectively, mainly resulting from the difference between accrual amount and resolution amount by the Board of Directors, and recognized as profit or loss in the year.

Information about employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(18) Income tax

Components of income tax expense:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 70,901	\$ 44,564
Prior year income tax (overestimation) underestimation	( 32,236)	5
Total current tax	<u>38,665</u>	<u>44,569</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	( 9,188)	1,730
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 29,477</u>	<u>\$ 46,299</u>

(19) Earnings per share

	<u>For the three months ended March 31, 2024</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in NT dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>\$ 572,749</u>	<u>79,483</u>	<u>\$ 7.21</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ 572,749	79,483	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	171	
Restricted stocks to employees	-	196	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 572,749</u>	<u>79,850</u>	<u>\$ 7.17</u>
	<u>For the three months ended March 31, 2023</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in NT dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>\$ 353,291</u>	<u>78,373</u>	<u>\$ 4.51</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ 353,291	78,373	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	299	
Restricted stocks to employees	-	535	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 353,291</u>	<u>79,207</u>	<u>\$ 4.46</u>

(20) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	2024	2023
	<u>Lease liabilities</u>	<u>Lease liabilities</u>
At January 1	\$ 258,252	\$ 162,812
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	( 25,393)	( 23,431)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	7,460	( 373)
Changes in other non-cash items	27,001	44,251
At March 31	<u>\$ 267,320</u>	<u>\$ 183,259</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

None.

(2) Key management compensation

	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 109,323	\$ 108,168
Share-based compensation expenses	95,198	55,032
	<u>\$ 204,521</u>	<u>\$ 163,200</u>

A. Salaries and bonuses include regular wages, special responsibility allowances, pensions, severance pay, various bonuses, employees' compensation, directors' remuneration, rewards and travel or transportation allowances, etc.

B. Share-based compensation expenses represent the compensation costs accounted for under IFRS 2.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

None.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 6(13) for the appropriation of the second half year of 2023 earnings.

## 12. OTHERS

- (1) Consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 and consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 in functional currency

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in US Dollars. For the purpose of application for listing in the Taipei Exchange in R.O.C., the consolidated financial statements were translated into New Taiwan Dollars in accordance with Note 4. Since the functional currency is US Dollars, the supplementary disclosure of consolidated balance sheets and statements of comprehensive income in US Dollars are as follows:



**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS)**  
( THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 ARE REVIEWED )

ASSETS	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Current assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 290,654	38	\$ 276,379	36	\$ 185,110	28
Accounts receivable, net	47,187	6	54,103	7	47,877	7
Inventories, net	118,948	15	122,885	16	131,991	20
Other current assets	19,981	3	19,419	3	23,515	3
<b>Total current assets</b>	<u>476,770</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>472,786</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>388,493</u>	<u>58</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>						
Property, plant and equipment, net	12,435	2	12,768	2	16,074	2
Right-of-use assets	8,354	1	8,409	1	6,018	1
Intangible assets	101,152	13	98,528	13	103,274	15
Deferred income tax assets	12,479	2	12,704	2	11,664	2
Other non-current assets	154,214	20	155,748	20	147,484	22
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<u>288,634</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>288,157</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>284,514</u>	<u>42</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>\$ 765,404</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 760,943</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 673,007</u>	<u>100</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>						
<b>Current liabilities</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 45,116	6	\$ 51,028	7	\$ 19,793	3
Other payables	22,201	3	44,837	6	30,540	5
Current income tax liabilities	10,705	1	11,415	1	9,281	1
Lease liabilities - current	3,278	-	3,241	-	3,292	-
Other current liabilities	6,956	1	7,081	1	6,792	1
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<u>88,256</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>117,602</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>69,698</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>						
Lease liabilities - non-current	5,076	1	5,168	1	2,726	1
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<u>5,076</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5,168</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,726</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>93,332</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>122,770</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>72,424</u>	<u>11</u>
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>						
<b>Share capital</b>						
Ordinary shares	26,731	3	26,731	4	26,738	4
<b>Capital reserves</b>						
Capital reserves	138,078	17	136,477	18	136,752	20
<b>Retained earnings</b>						
Legal reserve	33,380	4	33,380	4	33,380	5
Special reserve	275	-	275	-	3,489	1
Unappropriated earnings	511,315	69	492,693	65	471,188	70
<b>Other equity</b>						
Other equity	( 5,514 )	( 1 )	( 6,722 )	( 1 )	( 11,301 )	( 2 )
<b>Treasury shares</b>	( 32,193 )	( 4 )	( 44,661 )	( 6 )	( 59,663 )	( 9 )
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>	<u>672,072</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>638,173</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>600,583</u>	<u>89</u>
<b>Total equity</b>	<u>672,072</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>638,173</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>600,583</u>	<u>89</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<u>\$ 765,404</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 760,943</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 673,007</u>	<u>100</u>

**PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Revenues</b>	\$ 121,278	100	\$ 99,990	100
<b>Cost of goods sold</b>	( 69,321)	( 57)	( 55,947)	( 56)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<u>51,957</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44,043</u>	<u>44</u>
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Sales and marketing expenses	( 7,413)	( 6)	( 7,198)	( 7)
General and administrative expenses	( 5,078)	( 4)	( 4,993)	( 5)
Research and development expenses	( 22,845)	( 19)	( 19,892)	( 20)
Expected credit loss	-	-	( 84)	-
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>( 35,336)</u>	<u>( 29)</u>	<u>( 32,167)</u>	<u>( 32)</u>
<b>Operating income</b>	<u>16,621</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>11,876</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Non-operating income and expenses</b>				
Interest income	2,480	2	1,525	1
Other income	69	-	87	-
Other gains and losses	( 22)	-	( 344)	-
<b>Total non-operating income and expenses</b>	<u>2,527</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1,268</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>Income before income tax</b>	<u>19,148</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>13,144</u>	<u>13</u>
Income tax expense	( 937)	( 1)	( 1,523)	( 1)
<b>Net income for the period from continuing operations</b>	<u>18,211</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>11,621</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Other comprehensive (loss) income</b>				
<b>Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
Currency translation differences of foreign operations	( 514)	( 1)	251	-
<b>Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>	<u>( 514)</u>	<u>( 1)</u>	<u>251</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<u>\$ 17,697</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>\$ 11,872</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Net income attributable to:</b>				
Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 18,211</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>\$ 11,621</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Comprehensive income attributable to:</b>				
Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 17,697</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>\$ 11,872</u>	<u>12</u>
<b>Earnings per share</b>				
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>		<u>\$ 0.15</u>	
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>		<u>\$ 0.15</u>	

(2) Capital management

The Group manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

(3) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,300,922	\$ 8,487,601	\$ 5,636,592
Accounts receivable, net	1,509,969	1,661,511	1,457,865
Guarantee deposits paid	4,162,154	4,051,069	4,043,772
	<u>\$ 14,973,045</u>	<u>\$ 14,200,181</u>	<u>\$ 11,138,229</u>
	<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,443,712	\$ 1,567,047	\$ 602,705
Guarantee deposits received	10,928	-	3,239
	<u>\$ 1,454,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,567,047</u>	<u>\$ 605,944</u>
Lease liability	<u>\$ 267,320</u>	<u>\$ 258,252</u>	<u>\$ 183,259</u>

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (such as foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. The Group's major purchases and sales transactions are denominated in US Dollars. The change in fair value will be caused by fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate; however, the amounts and periods of the Group's assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are equivalent, so the market risk could be offset.

ii. The Group's businesses involve non-functional currency operations.

The information on assets denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2024		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Foreign Currency Amount (in RMB thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (in USD thousands)
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 1,873	0.141	\$ 264
	December 31, 2023		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Foreign Currency Amount (in RMB thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (in USD thousands)
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 1,874	0.141	\$ 264
	March 31, 2023		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Foreign Currency Amount (in RMB thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (in USD thousands)
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 1,818	0.145	\$ 264

Based on the foreign currency quoted position held by the Group as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, as US dollars appreciate/depreciate by 1%, the profit or loss before tax of the Group would increase by \$84 and \$81, respectively.

iii. Total exchange (gain) loss, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, amounted to \$1,217 and \$8,832, respectively.

(b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.

- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Group treasury. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 360 days.
- iv. If the contract payments were past due over 60 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment has occurred:
- (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group used timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. On March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

	<u>Not past due</u>	<u>Up to 60 days past due</u>	<u>Up to 90 days past due</u>	<u>91~180 days</u>
<u>At March 31, 2024</u>				
Expected loss rate (Note)	0 ~ 0.3%	0 ~ 0.3%	1%	1 ~ 5%
Total book value	\$ 1,467,304	\$ 42,665	\$ -	\$ -
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-
	<u>181~360 days</u>	<u>Up to 360 days</u>	<u>Total</u>	
<u>At March 31, 2024</u>				
Expected loss rate (Note)	50 ~ 75%	100%		
Total book value	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,509,969	
Loss allowance	-	-	-	

	<u>Not past due</u>	<u>Up to 60 days past due</u>	<u>Up to 90 days past due</u>	<u>91~180 days</u>
<u>At December 31, 2023</u>				
Expected loss rate (Note)	0 ~ 0.3%	0 ~ 0.3%	1%	1 ~ 5%
Total book value	\$ 1,595,848	\$ 65,663	\$ -	\$ -
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-

	<u>181~360 days</u>	<u>Up to 360 days</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At December 31, 2023</u>			
Expected loss rate (Note)	50 ~ 75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,661,511
Loss allowance	-	-	-

	<u>Not past due</u>	<u>Up to 60 days past due</u>	<u>Up to 90 days past due</u>	<u>91~180 days</u>
<u>At March 31, 2023</u>				
Expected loss rate (Note)	0 ~ 0.3%	0 ~ 0.3%	1%	1 ~ 5%
Total book value	\$ 1,339,916	\$ 43,673	\$ 8,767	\$ 68,062
Loss allowance	-	-	-	2,553

	<u>181~360 days</u>	<u>Up to 360 days</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At March 31, 2023</u>			
Expected loss rate (Note)	50 ~ 75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,460,418
Loss allowance	-	-	2,553

Note: Based on past experience, it has been shown that the defaults of these customers have been extremely low, so the expected credit losses are measured at a single loss rate based on the past due dates. The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts was not significant, so the Group had not recognized related impact as at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

viii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures.

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	<u>Accounts receivable</u>	<u>Accounts receivable</u>
At January 1	\$ -	\$ -
Provision for impairment	-	2,549
Effect of foreign exchange	-	4
At March 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,553</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, money market fund and treasury bill, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group held treasury bills of \$6,575,435, \$5,231,107 and \$3,228,469 as at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, respectively, which are expected to immediately generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>March 31, 2024</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,443,712	\$ -
Other payables	710,430	-
Lease liability	104,906	162,414
<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,567,047	\$ -
Other payables	1,374,728	-
Lease liability	99,534	158,718
<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 602,705	\$ -
Other payables	929,938	-
Lease liability	100,249	83,010

(4) Fair value information

A. The different levels of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The book value of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other payables, reasonably approximates their fair value.

C. There were no financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value recognized as at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023.

13. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES BUREAU

(1) Related information of significant transactions

A. Loans granted during the three months ended March 31, 2024 : None.

B. Endorsements and guarantees provided during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

C. Marketable securities held as at March 31, 2024 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

F. Disposal of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

G. Purchases from or sales to related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

H. Receivables from related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital as at March 31, 2024: None.

I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken during the three months ended March 31, 2024: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2024: Please refer to table 1.

(2) Disclosure information of investee company (not including investees in Mainland China)

Please refer to table 2.



(3) Disclosure information on indirect investments in Mainland China

A. Information on investments in Mainland China: Please refer to table 3.

B. The Company's transactions with investee companies in China through other entities outside of Taiwan and China: Please refer to table 1.

(4) Disclosure information on major shareholders

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 4.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Board of Directors, who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
SIGNIFICANT INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS DURING THE REPORTING PERIODS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	(1)	Service expense	\$ 350,511	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	9%
			(1)	Other payables	100,313	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
		Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	(1)	Service expense	6,078	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
			(1)	Other payables	1,985	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
		Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	(1)	Service expense	266,246	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	7%
			(1)	Other payables	515,071	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	2%
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	(1)	Service expense	170,975	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	4%
			(1)	Other payables	276,059	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	1%
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	(1)	Service expense	36,746	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	1%
			(1)	Other payables	17,624	In accordance with the agreement, depending on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: The Company may decide to disclose or not to disclose transaction details in this table based on the Materiality Principle.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
INFORMATION ON INVESTEEES (NOT INCLUDING INVESTEEES IN MAINLAND CHINA)  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD  
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee (Notes 1 and 2)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at 3/31/2024			Net income of the investee (Note 2(2))	Investment income recognised by the Company (Note 2(3))	Footnote
				Balance as at 3/31/2024	Balance as at 1/1/2024	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
The Company	Parade Technologies, Inc.	United States	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	\$ 41,600	\$ 41,600	10,000	100.00	\$ 3,750,619	\$ 39,882	\$ 39,882	
The Company	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	South Korea	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	1,600	1,600	10,000	100.00	23,425	295	295	
The Company	Pinchot Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Providing administrative services to the Company	32	32	1,000	100.00	32	-	-	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

- (1)The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at 3/31/2024' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
- (2)The 'Net income (loss) of the investee' column should fill in amount of net income (loss) of the investee for this period.
- (3)The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net income (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD  
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of 1/1/2024	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China / Amount remitted back to Taiwan		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of 3/31/2024	Net income of investee as of 3/31/2024	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income recognised by the Company	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of 3/31/2024	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of 3/31/2024	Footnote
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan							
Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	Providing research and development services to the Company	\$ 41,600	1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,743	100.00	\$ 8,743	\$ 866,989	\$ -	
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	64,000	2	-	-	-	-	4,689	100.00	4,689	457,419	-	
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	16,000	2	-	-	-	-	2,052	100.00	2,052	46,490	-	
Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of 3/31/2024	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)(Note 2)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA										
The Company	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -										

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following two categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China. (Parade Technologies, Inc.)
- (2) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

Note 2: The Company is registered in Cayman Islands; therefore, its investment in Mainland China does not need approval from the Investment Commission of MOEA.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

March 31, 2023

Table 4

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd	4,551,000	5.60%